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1953 PIAN RESULTS FOR MANUFACTURING AND MINING INDUSTRIES OF CHINA

[Comment: This report presents information on 1953 production plans of Chinese manufacturing and mining industries and on results of production plans for the first and second quarters of 1953.], taken from the Chugoku Keizai Nempo, 1953 (4-6 Gatsu) (China Economic Yearbook for April-June 1953), published by the China Research Institute, Tokyo, 15 August 1953.

1953 Production Plan

The following table shows the discrepancies between the 1953 production plans reported by Chou En-lai in his "Political Report," dated 4 February 1953, and by Chia T'o-fu, deputy chairman of the Committee of Finance and Economics, Central People's Government, in his "Report on the Industrial Situation," dated 7 Way 1953 [1952 production is 100 percent].

	Report of Chou En-lai	Report of Chia T'o-fu
Pig iron	114	113.3
Steel ingots	123	122.1
Steel materials		134.8
Copper	139	
Lead	149	128.6
Zinc	154	134.6
Electric power	·	132
Petroleum	127	
	142	129.1
Coal	100	
Machine tools	134	
Electric generators		290.9
Electric motors		141.2
Nitric acid	**	
Caustic soda	131	134.2
Cement		
	117	129.7
Ammonium sulfate	**	132
Lumber	138 .	138
Cotton yarn	109	109
Cotton fabrics	116	110.5
Paper	106	
Sugar	123	1.07.5
		

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In his report, Chia T'o-fu stated that the 1953 plan calls for production of new products, such as seamless tubes, silicon steel, steam turbines and generators of 6,000-kilowatt capacity, transformers of 20,000-kilovoltampere capacity, electric motors of 1,450-kilowatt capacity, Soviet-type planers and vertical lathes, 3-meter cutting machines, 5-meter spiral milling machines,

Results of Plan for First-Quarter 1953

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Only fragmentary information is available regarding the results of the production plan for the first quarter of 1953; however, it is believed that the first-quarter plan for heavy industry was completed as planned. The Ta Kung Pao [not further identified] of 8 April 1953 had the following to say regarding the first-quarter output of the various plants: (1) the pig-iron output of the An-shan Iron and Steel Company was 17 percent more than the amount produced during the corresponding period of 1952; (2) the Tientsin Steelworks completed its plan, which called for the production of 14.14 percent more steel ingots and 5.58 percent more steel materials than produced during the corresponding period of 1952; (3) the Shih-ching-shan Iron and Steel Works completed production plans for iron and coke on 31 March 1953 and of steel pipes on 25 March 1953; (4) the Shanghai Steelworks completed its production plan during mid-March 1953; and (5) the textile mills under the North China Textile Control Bureau fulfilled their plans as follows -- cotton yarn 100.96 percent, cotton fabric, 100.56 percent, dyed and printed fabrics 100.54 percent, gunny sacks 104.41 percent

Production During Second Quarter 1953

According to the Peiping <u>Jen-min Jih-pao</u> of 19 May 1953, of the 50 state-operated industrial plants and <u>mines</u> in the Southwest Administrative Area, 27 have either completed or exceeded their plans for April 1953, and of the 38 principal industrial products manufactured, the production quotas for 26 products were fulfilled. Products completed as planned include steel materials, 113.88 percent; steel rails, 106.52 percent; coal, 106.24 percent; electric power, 100.77 percent; electrolytic copper 109.56 percent; and cotton yarn, 106.61 104.41 percent. The plants and mines in An-shan, Harbin, Ta-yeh, etc., which completed their production plans for April 1953 were the Chiao-tsc Coal Mine, the T'ang-shan Power Plant, the Shanghai Electrical Machinery Plant, and a boring unit of the Huai-nan Mining Bureau. At the An-shan Iron and Steel Company, ten shops, such as one dressing, pig-iron manufacturing, steel manufacturing, preliminary rolling, intermediate rolling, thin-plate manufacturing, etc., have completed their production plans for April 1953. In Harbin, 66 out of 70 industrial plants have completed their plans,

According to the Peiping Jen-min Jin-pao of 15 June 1953, the Pen-ch'i Iron and Sieel Company completed it production plan for May 1953 without a single accident. In Dairen, 17 state-operated industrial plants have completed their plans for May 1953. Machinery Plant No 21 completed its 17th consecutive monthly production plan in May 1953.

According to a Hsin-hua She dispatch from Tientsin, 13 June 1953, the number of state-operated plants in Tientsin which completed their productions plans for May 1953 was 51, compared with 28 in March and 43 in April 1953.

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A Hsin-hua She dispatch from Fu-shun, 29 June 1953, reported that an electrical machinery plant in the Northeast successfully completed the manufacturing of an experimental Soviet-type transformer rated at 60,000 volts and manufacture experimental-model transformers rated at 110,000 volts and 13,500 kilovolt-amperes.

According to a Hsin-hua She dispatch from Dairen, 22 June 1953, industrial production in Dairen is constantly increasing, and large quantities of the following products are now being produced in Dairen: concrete mixers, 5- to 15-ton cranes, 500-meter boring machines, Soviet-type lathes, various types of small electric motors, special-type cement for oil-field use, acid-resisting railway locomotives.

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